

## RESTRAINT, ISOLATION AND OTHER USES OF REASONABLE FORCE

### Definitions:

- **Physical force:** The use of bodily force or physical restriction that substantially immobilizes or reduces the free movement of a student.
- **Chemical spray:** Pepper spray, OcSpray, or other similar chemicals that are used to control a student or limit a student's freedom of movement will not be used in this district.
- **Restraint:** Physical intervention or force used to control a student, including the use of a restraint device. It does not include appropriate use of a prescribed medical, orthopedic or therapeutic device when used as intended, such as to achieve proper body position, balance or alignment or to permit a student to safely participate in activities.
- **Restraint device:** A device used to assist in controlling a student, including, but not limited to metal handcuffs, plastic ties, ankle restraints, leather cuffs, other hospital-type restraints, pepper spray, tasers or batons will not be used by any district staff. Restraint device does not mean a seat harness used to safely transport students. This definition is consistent with RCW 28A.600.485 (1)(c)
- **De-escalation:** The use of positive interventions and other district-approved strategies to defuse a student who has lost self-control, is non-compliant or is demonstrating unacceptable behavior. These strategies address behavior that is dangerous, disruptive or otherwise impedes the learning of a student or others.

### Use of restraint, isolation, or other forms of reasonable force:

- Restraint, isolation, or other forms of reasonable force may be used to prevent or minimize imminent bodily harm to self or others, or if de-escalation or other positive interventions fail or are inappropriate, to protect district property, where there is a likelihood of such serious harm occurring.
- Restraint, isolation, or other forms of reasonable physical force may be used when a student has caused a substantial loss or damage to the property of others, and the student's behavior poses a substantial risk that such property damage will be inflicted.
- Restraint devices may be used as needed to obtain possession of a known or reasonably-suspected weapon or other dangerous object on a person or within the control of a person.
- Consistent with the provisions found in chapter 392-172A WAC, nothing in this procedure precludes the use of restraint or isolation as part of a behavior intervention plan in an Individualized Education Program (IEP) or a Section 504 Plan, provided that the student requires more specific advanced educational planning and the parent/guardian agrees to the use of these techniques in writing.
- Restraint, isolation, or other forms of reasonable physical force will not be used as a form of discipline or punishment.
- Restraint, isolation, or other forms of reasonable physical force will not be used as an initial response to destruction of property, school disruption, refusal of the student to comply with school rules or a staff directive; or a verbal threat that does not constitute a

threat of imminent bodily injury, unless other forms of de-escalation and positive interventions fail or are inappropriate.

- Restraint, isolation, or other forms of reasonable physical force should not be used as an intervention if the school employee, school resource officer or school security officer knows that the student has a health condition or physical problem and the condition or problem would be exacerbated by the use of such techniques.

**Degree of force:**

- Restraint, isolation, or other forms of reasonable physical force must not be continued if a determination is made by the staff member administering the restraint, isolation, or other forms of reasonable physical force that the student is no longer at risk of causing imminent bodily harm to himself/herself or others or property.
- Restraint, isolation, or other forms of reasonable physical force must be administered in such a way so as to prevent or minimize physical harm to the student. If, at any time during the use of restraint, isolation, or other forms of reasonable physical force, the student demonstrates significant physical distress, the technique must be reduced immediately and, if necessary, school staff must take immediate steps to seek medical assistance.

**Monitoring:**

An adult must continually monitor any student when restraint, isolation, or other forms of reasonable physical force is used. The monitoring must be conducted by direct observation of the student. Monitoring must include regularly evaluating the student for signs of physical distress.

**Post-incident notification and review with parent/guardian:**

Within twenty-four (24) hours following the use of restraint, isolation, or other forms of reasonable physical force with a student, the principal or designee must make a reasonable effort to verbally inform the student's parent or guardian of the incident; best practice is on the same day. The principal or designee must also send written notification as soon as practical, but postmarked no later than five (5) business days after restraint, isolation, or other forms of reasonable physical force has been used with a student. If the school or district customarily provides the parent or guardian with school-related information in a language other than English, the written report must be provided to the parent or guardian in that language.

The principal or designee will review the incident with the student and the parent or guardian (though not necessarily at the same time) to address the behavior that precipitated the use of the technique and the appropriateness of the response. The principal or designee will review the incident with the staff person(s) who administered the restraint, isolation, or other forms of reasonable physical force to discuss whether proper procedures were followed and what staff training or support is needed to help the student avoid similar incidents.

IEPs and 504 plans will include the above procedures for notification of parents/guardians regarding the use of isolation and restraint on their student.

### **Incident report**

Any school employee, school resource officer or school security officer who uses restraint, isolation, or other forms of reasonable physical force, as defined in this procedure, on a student during school-sponsored instruction or activities, will inform the principal or a designee as soon as possible and within two (2) business days submit a written report of the incident to the district office. The written report will contain, at a minimum:

- The date and time of the incident;
- The name and job title of the staff member who administered the restraint, isolation, or other form of reasonable physical force;
- A description of the activity that led to the restraint, isolation, or other form of reasonable physical force;
- The type of restraint, isolation, or other forms of reasonable physical force used on the student, and the duration;
- Whether the student or staff was physically injured during incident involving restraint, isolation, or other forms of reasonable physical force;
- Any medical care provided to the student or staff; and
- Any recommendations for changing the nature or amount of resources available to the student and staff members in order to avoid similar incidents.

### **Resolution of concerns about the use of force incident**

A student or his/her parent or guardian who has concerns regarding a specific incident involving restraint, isolation, or other forms of reasonable physical force may seek to resolve the concern by using the district's complaint process which is set forth in Policy 4220, Complaints Concerning Staff or Programs.

### **Providing parents/guardians with Restraint, Isolation, and Other Use of Reasonable Force policy**

The district will make available to all parents/guardians of students the district's policy on Restraint, Isolation and Other Use of Reasonable Force. If the student has an IEP or 504 plan, the District will provide the parents/guardians a copy of the policy when the IEP or 504 plan is created.

### **Staff training requirements**

All training will include instruction in positive management of student behavior, cultural sensitivity, effective communication for defusing and de-escalating disruptive or dangerous behavior and safe and appropriate use of force, isolation and restraint. Annually, administrators will provide all staff with the district established policy and procedure regarding the use of reasonable force.

All staff should be informed of de-escalation strategies and proper physical intervention procedures. Appropriate staff and those who are required or reasonably anticipated to provide physical force intervention will be trained in the use of physical force intervention.

In our district no staff will be trained or authorized to use restraint devices or chemical spray procedures with any student.

Adoption Date: 03.10.2016

**Submission of incident reports to the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction**

Beginning January 1, 2016 and annually by January 1 thereafter, the district will summarize the written incident reports described above and submit those summaries to OSPI. The summaries will include:

- the number of individual incidents of restraint and isolation;
- the number of students involved in the incidents;
- the number of injuries to students and staff; and
- the types of restraint or isolation used.

**Annual Report**

The building administrator or a designee will maintain a log of all instances of use of force as defined by this procedure, which will be presented to the superintendent annually. The superintendent will provide an annual report to the board regarding the district's use of force.

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